



2022-23 Hal & Jeanette Segerstrom Family Foundation Classical Series

# GERSHWIN'S RHAPSODY

Thursday, May 11 @ 8 p.m. Friday, May 12 @ 8 p.m. Saturday, May 13 @ 8 p.m

Carl St.Clair, conductor
Alan Chapman, host
Jeffrey Biegel, piano
Denean Dyson, vocalist
Ron Kobayashi Trio
Jonathan A. Gómez, saxophone
Barry Perkins, cornet
Dennis James, organ
Pacific Symphony

The Thursday performance is generously sponsored by **The Pacific Symphony League.** 

The 2022-23 season piano soloists are generously sponsored by **The Michelle F. Rohé Fund** 

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AVENUE OF THE ARTS
COSTA MESA
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This concert is being recorded for broadcast on July 30, 2023 on Classical KUSC.

Performance at the Segerstrom Center for the Arts Renée and Henry Segerstrom Concert Hall & Lobby

### **PROGRAM**

# PART 1 AT 8 P.M. IN THE CONCERT HALL NO INTERMISSION

BLAKE Charleston Rag

JOPLIN Maple Leaf Rag

Jeffrey Biegel, piano

GERSHWIN An American in Paris

WEILL "Mack the Knife" from

The Threepenny Opera Denean Dyson, vocals Ron Kobayashi Trio

ELLINGTON "Martin Luther King" from

Three Black Kings

Jonathan A. Gómez, saxophone

CHAPLIN The Kid Suite

HANDY "St. Louis Blues"

Denean Dyson, vocals Barry Perkins, cornet Ron Kobayashi, keyboard

GERSHWIN Rhapsody in Blue

Jeffrey Biegel, piano

PART 2 AT 9:30 P.M. IN THE LOBBY

Roaring Twenties Party with music, dance, and more.

#### PART 3 AT 10:15 P.M. IN THE CONCERT HALL

The landmark 1927 silent film *It* starring Clara Bow, accompanied on the organ by Dennis James

## **ABOUT THE ARTISTS**



Concert host Alan Chapman is a composer/lyricist, pianist, radio producer/host (Classical California KUSC), and educator. After receiving his undergraduate degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, he earned a Ph.D. in music theory from Yale University. He is currently a

member of the music theory faculty of the Colburn Conservatory. He was a longtime member of the music faculty at Occidental College and has also been a visiting professor at University of California, Los Angeles and University of California, Santa Barbara. His analytical work has appeared in the Journal of Music Theory and in The New Orpheus: Essays on Kurt Weill, winner of the Deems Taylor Award for excellence in writing on music.

Well known as a pre-concert lecturer, Dr. Chapman presents the Preview Talks for Pacific Symphony's Classical Series. His lectures have been presented by virtually every major performing organization in Southern California. He has been heard globally as programmer and host of the inflight classical channels on United and Delta Airlines.

Dr. Chapman is also active as a composer/lyricist. His songs have been performed and recorded by many artists around the world and have been honored by ASCAP, the Johnny Mercer Foundation, and the Manhattan Association of Cabarets.



Jeffrey Biegel's career reflects an unprecedented journey as a pianist having created the most diverse commissioning projects, premieres, and recordings of his generation, building bridges to break divides through music. His life takes its roots from age three, barely able to hear or speak, until

corrected by surgery. The 'reverse Beethoven' phenomenon explains his lifelong commitment to music, having heard only vibrations in his formative years. The pandemic year of 2020 focused on composing original Waltzes of Hope, Sonatina, and Three Reflections: JFK, RBG, and MLK for solo piano, and for piano and orchestra, orchestrations by Harrison Sheckler. The following year saw the world premieres of Biegel's Reflection of Justice: An Ode to Ruth Bader Ginsburg with the Dallas Symphony Orchestra, and Ellen Taaffe Zwilich's Remembering Ruth Bader Ginsburg for mezzo-soprano, piano, and orchestra in tribute to the late Supreme Court Justice, with Denyce Graves in the mezzosoprano role. Also, the world premiere of Ellen Taaffe Zwilich's Shadows, newly arranged for piano and seven players with the Idaho State Civic Symphony. In 2022, Biegel premiered Jim Stephenson's Piano Concerto, Daniel Perttu's A Planet's Odyssey for piano and orchestra, Farhad Poupel's The Legend of Bijan and Manijeh for piano, orchestra and chorus, his own concerto, Three Reflections: Freedom (JFK), Justice (RBG) Equality (MLK), and Christopher Marshall's Thanksgiving Variations on "We Gather Together." For 2023, world premieres of Peter Boyer's Rhapsody in Red, White, & Blue and GRAMMY®-winning singer/songwriter, Melissa Manchester's AWAKE for piano and orchestra will take the stages across America. Biegel studied at The Juilliard School with Adele Marcus, herself a pupil of Josef Lhevinne and Artur Schnabel, and is currently on faculty at the Conservatory of Music at Brooklyn College.



Mezzo-soprano Denean Dyson is classically trained yet accomplished in many genres: her additional vocal capabilities in R&B, soul, and jazz allow her to deliver a beautifully artistic sound imbued with skill and emotion in every performance. Denean Dyson earned a bachelor's degree in Music from

California State University, Fullerton and immediately launched

into a career as a professional artist, entertaining audiences in the US and abroad.

Dyson's incredible vocal agility has earned her the privilege of sharing a stage with many talented artists like renowned mezzosoprano Susan Graham, jazz and blues legend Barbara Morrison, and singer and actress Reba McEntire. As a featured soloist, Dyson has performed such notable compositions as Carole King's "A Natural Woman," "Satisfied" from Hamilton, "One Night Only" from Dreamgirls for Segerstrom's Cabaret Series, "I Don't Know" from Bernstein's Mass with Pacific Chorale, and "A Wonderful Guy" in South Pacific in Concert with Pacific Symphony.



The Ron Kobayashi Trio (with Baba Elefante on bass and Steve Dixon on drums) have been together for 30 years. They have performed with such artists as Mel Tormé, Kenny Burrell, Margaret Whiting, Peter Frampton, Tom Scott, Peter White, Roy Hargrove, Frank Stallone, and "Kansas" vocalist John Elefante. Some of the venues they've played include the Playboy Jazz Festival Pasadena, the Long Beach Jazz Festival, 54 Below in New York, Disney World in Florida, the Yuma, Arizona Jazz Series, Segerstrom Center for the Arts, and the Irvine Barclay Theater in Irvine, CA.

The Trio was voted "Best Jazz Group in Orange County, CA" by readers of the OC Weekly in 1996, and was nominated for "Best Jazz Group in Orange County" in 2012 by the Orange County Music Awards. In 2005, Ron was awarded "Role Model and Inspiration for Asian Americans in the Field of Music" by the Orange County Asian Business Association. (Please note: Kendall Kay will be sitting in for Steve Dixon on drums for this concert.)



Saxophonist Jonathan A. Gómez is Assistant Professor of Musicology at the USC Thornton School of Music. He earned a Ph.D. in Historical Musicology with a secondary field in African and African American Studies at Harvard University, and he holds an M.A. in Musicology from Michigan State

University and a B.M. in Studio Music and Jazz from the University of Miami's Frost School of Music. Gómez's research interests are consistently informed by his practice and experience as a jazz saxophonist. He has studied jazz and improvisation with Gary Keller, Mark Small, Rich Perry, Hal Crook, and George Garzone. He appears as a saxophonist on pianist Roberto Magris's 2016 album, Live in Miami @ the WDNA Jazz Gallery, and Rhode Island-based group Geo Trio's 2019 release, We Made an Album!



Organist Dennis James has dedicated his professional career to the theatrical traditions of organ performance and furthering public interest in the pipe organ. From the time he began performing concerts while still in his teens, James has been at the top of the organ profession. He has played

virtually everywhere pipe organs are to be found, from the spectacular movie palaces throughout the United States and Canada to the most prestigious concert halls and theaters in Europe and the Far East. James serves three simultaneous professional positions: House Organist for Seattle's Paramount Theatre, House Organist for the Historic Everett Theatre, and Theatre Organist for the San Diego Symphony.

For more than 40 years, Dennis James has played a pivotal role in the international revival of silent films with live music. Beginning as an accompanist for university screenings, James now tours worldwide under auspices of his Silent Film Concerts production company presenting professional silent film programs with accompaniments ranging from solo piano or theatre organ, to chamber ensembles and full symphony orchestras. Performing to film at an ever-increasing number of sites throughout the world, James is celebrated for providing the most comprehensive selection of authentic silent films with live music presentations available today. James recently performed sellout silent film programs with the Chicago Symphony Orchestra at Orchestra Hall and the Dallas Symphony Orchestra at Meyerson Symphony Center, and his international silent film presentations have been seen most recently in Canada, Mexico, Australia, New Zealand, England, Singapore, France, Germany, Austria, the Netherlands, and Italy.

Eubie Blake: Charleston Rag

**Born:** February 7, 1887 in Baltimore, MA **Died:** February 12, 1983 in Brooklyn, NY

Composed: 1899 Premiered: 1899

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: Pacific Symphony

premiere

Instrumentation: one flute including piccolo, one clarinet, one trumpet,

one trombone, one tuba, percussion, piano, and strings **Estimated duration:** Approximately 4 minutes

Scott Joplin: Maple Leaf Rag

Born: November 24, 1868 in Texarkana, TX

Died: April 1, 1917 in NY Composed: 1899 Premiered: 1899

Instrumentation: solo piano

Estimated duration: Approximately 4 minutes

George Gershwin: An American in Paris Born: September 26, 1898 in Brooklyn, NY Died: July 11, 1937 in Hollywood, CA

Composed: 1928

Premiered: December 13, 1928

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: November 16, 2019, with

Mei-Ann Chen conducting

**Instrumentation:** three flutes including piccolo, three oboes including English horn, three clarinets including bass clarinet, two bassoons, four horns, three trumpets, three trombones, one tuba, timpani, percussion, celesta, alto sax, tenor sax, baritone sax, and strings

Estimated duration: Approximately 16 minutes

Kurt Weill: "Mack the Knife" from The Threepenny Opera

**Born:** March 2, 1900 in Dessau, Germany **Died:** April 3, 1950 in New York, NY **Composed:** 1928

Premiered: August 31, 1928

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: Pacific Symphony premiere

**Instrumentation:** piano, bass, drums, and solo vocalist **Estimated duration:** Approximately 4 minutes

Edward Kennedy "Duke" Ellington: "Martin Luther King" from Three Black Kings

Born: April 29, 1899 in Washington, D.C. Died: May 24, 1974 in New York, NY

Composed: 1974 Premiered: 1976

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: March 20, 2010,

with Carl St.Clair conducting

Instrumentation: three flutes including piccolo, three oboes including English horn, three clarinets including bass clarinet, three bassoons including contrabassoon, four horns, four trumpets, three trombones, one tuba, timpani, percussion, harp, piano, electric bass, and strings and solo iazz soloist

Estimated duration: Approximately 7 minutes

Charlie Chaplin: The Kid Suite Born: April 16, 1889 in London, UK

**Died:** December 25, 1977 in Vevey, Switzerland

Composed: 1921 Premiered: 1976

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: Pacific Symphony premiere Instrumentation: two flutes, one oboe, two clarinets including bass clarinet, one bassoon, two horns, two trumpets, two trombones, timpani,

percussion, harp, celesta, piano, and strings **Estimated duration:** Approximately 9 minutes

William Christopher "W.C." Handy: St. Louis Blues

**Born:** November 16, 1873 in Florence, AB **Died:** March 28, 1958 in New York, NY

Composed: 1914 Premiered: 1914

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: Pacific Symphony premiere

Instrumentation: solo cornet, Hammond organ, and solo vocalist

Estimated duration: Approximately 4 minutes

**George Gershwin:** *Rhapsody in Blue* **Born:** September 26, 1898 in Brooklyn, NY **Died:** July 11, 1937 in Hollywood, CA

 $\textbf{Composed:}\ 1924$ 

**Premiered:** February 12, 1924 in Aeolian Hall, New York City

Most recent Pacific Symphony performance: November 16, 2019, with

Mei-Ann Chen conducting and Aaron Diehl on piano

**Instrumentation:** two flutes, two oboes, three clarinets including bass clarinet, two bassoons, three horns, three trumpets, three trombones, one tuba, timpani, percussion, two alto sax, tenor sax, banjo, strings, and solo piano

Estimated duration: Approximately 16 minutes

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### **PROGRAM NOTES**

#### **Roaring Twenties!**

When historians talk about "cultural ferment," watch out: mayhem, social upheaval and armed conflict will soon enter the conversation. But to students and critics of the arts, social ferment is a bit more like biological fermentation, producing beauty from decay. Extraordinarily difficult times can produce extraordinarily great art.

The period that we call the "Roaring Twenties" shows us both sides of this strange divide, separated by an ocean and wedged between two world wars. In Europe, as industrialization took hold and the Ottoman Empire gave way, World War I approached with a sense of ghastly inevitability. The prevailing mood is often described as "neurasthenic," with an enervating sense of gloom, foreboding, loss, and powerlessness. The war itself proved even worse than the collective nightmare portended, but failed to resolve underlying political conflicts. Yet as the pessimism continued into the Twenties, there was an outpouring of creativity in literature, music, and the visual arts that still astounds and captivates us today. The cultural capital of Europe moved from Vienna to Paris and became the place for artists to be. Gertrude Stein was there. Pablo Picasso was there. Ernest Hemingway and F. Scott Fitzgerald were there. George Gershwin went there to meet Maurice Ravel, and to study composition with Nadia Boulanger—as did other American composers, including Elliott Carter, Virgil Thomson, and Aaron Copland.

In America, too, the arts were burgeoning. But things were far different here. The Great War was thousands of miles away; the U.S. had joined hostilities only after Woodrow Wilson campaigned for the cause, stirring up controversy and a spate of popular songs both pro and con (George M. Cohan's 1917 rabble-rouser "Over There" on one side; "I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier," the pacifist anthem that became a hit in 1915, on the other). For America, sending troops to Europe was a loss of innocence. With their return, and with the easing of the influenza epidemic of 1918, renewed optimism brought a sense of exuberance and limitless possibility. Values were increasingly permissive, and everyone, it seemed, could get rich. This was the decade we still romanticize as the Roaring Twenties, seemingly unstoppable until it all stopped—on "Black Tuesday," October 24, 1929, with the stock market crash that inaugurated the Great Depression. As Cole Porter wrote in "Anything Goes": "The world has gone mad today / And good's bad today / And black's white today / And day's night today / And that gent today / You gave a cent today / Once had several chateaux..."

If Paris was the European locus of culture in the Twenties, in America we had New York, with the lights of Broadway and the Harlem Renaissance. Gershwin was a pillar of Broadway, often with several shows running at once and orchestral compositions programmed at Carnegie Hall. At the same time, Harlem was the scene of a virtual explosion of artistic genius in music and literature. Aficionados knew that the vibrant club scene in Harlem was unsurpassed for great American music. In fact, if there was one link between the cultural scenes of New York and Paris, it was the greatness of jazz and its African

American roots. Boulanger understood this and pointed her American students toward it; so did French composers such as Darius Milhaud, who sought to incorporate jazz and blues motifs in their music.

Gershwin did not need convincing; African American music had always been one of his chief influences. In his *Rhapsody in Blue*, from 1923, and *An American in Paris*, from 1928, we hear a commingling of European and jazz influences that has not been equaled in the century since. There are the "blues notes," flatted sevenths and thirds, and the syncopated, complex rhythms that help make jazz swing. In *Rhapsody*, we hear it announced in the opening bar—the electrifying clarinet glissando that seems lifted from a hot lick at a jazz club.

Urban sophisticates knew that for great American music, the clubs in Harlem—where you could hear rags by jazz masters such as Eubie Blake and Scott Joplin and songs that became instant classics by artists such as W.C. Handy—were unsurpassed. There was just one little problem: as African Americans, the revered artists who brought this music to the public in the Twenties were generally not allowed in the front door where they performed...not even the great orchestra leader and composer Duke Ellington, whose bespoke wardrobe made him a symbol of sartorial elegance. With the benefit of hindsight, we can get a glimpse of this hypocrisy in the lyric of Richard Rodgers' and Lorenz Hart's "The Lady Is a Tramp": "I don't like crap games with barons and earls / Won't go to Harlem in ermine and pearls / Don't dish the dirt with the rest of the qirls / That's why the lady is a tramp."

Meanwhile, back on the Continent...the twenties in Germany, far from pacifying and de-fanging German nationalists, presaged the horrors of the rise of Nazism and World War II. This era of remilitarization, brutality, and decadence is evoked in the movie Cabaret; we also see and hear it in the brilliance of The Threepenny Opera, the blazingly cynical sociopolitical satire by playwright Bertolt Brecht and composer Kurt Weill. First presented in 1928, Threepenny became the chicest theatre-piece in Berlin while making Brecht, Weill, and Weill's wife Lotte Lenya into fugitives from the emergent Third Reich. All three escaped to the U.S.; Weill, a musician trained in the European classical tradition, found success on Broadway and in Hollywood. And in a superb translation by the American composer and writer Marc Blitzstein, Threepenny finally found its place in the American theatre via a historic production in 1957 with future TV stars Beatrice Arthur and Charlotte Rae. Weill, too, incorporated elements of American jazz into Threepenny. But—improbably—we owe the success of "Mack the Knife" as a jazz standard to the pop vocalist Bobby Darin, who knew a good thing when he heard it, and covered it as a hit single in 1959. The rest, as they say, is history.

Michael Clive is a cultural reporter living in the Litchfield Hills of Connecticut. He is program annotator for Pacific Symphony and has written numerous articles for magazines and newspapers in the U.S. and U.K. and hundreds of program notes for orchestras and opera companies. **Operahound.com**